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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO		
09/582,771	08/29/2000	Norbert W. Quast	DB000852-000	2847		
24122	7590 10/19/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER		
	ED & ARMSTRONG	HOANG, PHUONG N				
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	GH, PA 15219-1425	-	2126			
			DATE MAILED: 10/19/200	4		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/582,77	1	QUAST, NORBERT W.			
		Examiner		Art Unit			
		Phuong N.		2126			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the	cover sheet wit	th the correspondence a	idress		
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.  SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  Depend for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing datent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	. 136(a). In no eve  ply within the statu  will apply and will  te, cause the appli	nt, however, may a re tory minimum of thirty I expire SIX (6) MON' cation to become AB.	eply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered time THS from the mailing date of this of ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 A	August 2004.					
·							
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□	Claim(s) 1 - 16 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 1 - 16 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or is a subject to restriction.	awn from con					
·· _	ion Papers						
•	The specification is objected to by the Examine		<b>-</b>				
10)[	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	•	-	•	•		
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the		•	, ,	ED 4 404(d)		
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the E.	•		•	` *		
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)[ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureate the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been nts have been prity documen nu (PCT Rule	n received. n received in Ap nts have been e 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National	Stage		
Attachmen							
	te of References Cited (PTO-892)			ummary (PTO-413) \/Mail Date			
3) 🔲 Infon	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	,		)/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PT 	O-152)		

Application/Control Number: 09/582,771

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1 – 16 are pending for examination.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
   The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 1 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
  - a. The following terms lack proper antecedent basis:
    - i. the components, said several components claim 10;
  - b. The claim language in the following claims is not clearly understood:
    - ii. As to claim 1, at lines 6 8, it is not clearly understood what "data acquisition, by means of the running time system, of data of a second component into said first component" means (i.e., is data acquisition of the second component calls the first component); at lines 8 11, it is not clearly understood what "data disposal, by means of the running time system, of data of said first component into said second component" means (i.e., is data disposal of the first component calls the second component).

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# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1, 3 6, and 8 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Purtilo "Improving Module reuse by interface adaptation" p. 208 217 in view of Srivastava, US patent no. 6,473,768.
- 6. Purtilo was cited in the last office action.
- 7. **As to claim 1,** Purtilo teaches a program flow method in a program component system, comprising a running time system (system can create an execution-time module, p. 208 col. 2 paragraph 1) and several components (components, p. 210 col. 2 paragraph 3), each having one program portion, the method comprising the steps of:
- a) data acquisition (calling module, p. 210 paragraph 4) by means of the running time system (runtime, page 208, col. 1 last paragraph), of data of a second component into the first component.
- b) data disposal (called module, p. 210 paragraph 1), by means of the running time system, of data of the first component into the second component.

Purtilo teaches first and second components programmer-defined interfaces.

However, Purtilo does not explicitly teach first and second components without any need for programmer-defined interfaces.

Srivastava teaches components calling without any need for programmer-defined interfaces (add new components with interfaces at runtime, see abstract and col. 3 lines 55 – col. 4 lines 19, col. 5 lines 15 – 67, and col. 7 lines 30 – col. 8 lines 50).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Purtilo and Srivasta's because Srivastava's creating new component with interfaces at runtime would provide the ability to handle more interfaces or components to the calling or called components without pre-defined interfaces, and so the system can handle more flexible data requests.

- 8. **As to claim 3 and 4,** Srivastava teaches the step of data acquisition and/or data disposal is carried out without the cooperation of the second component when the new interface is not needed (no need to add new components and interfaces, col. 3 lines 55 col. 4 lines 19, col. 5 lines 15 67, and col. 7 lines 30 col. 8 lines 50).
- 9. **As to claim 5,** Srivastava teaches the step of data is kept in a region (col. 5 lines 15 25).
- 10. **As to claims 6 and 8,** Purito teaches the steps of directly access data region local and /or non-persistent data (page 209, col. 2 last paragraph).

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11. **As to claim 9,** Purtilo teaches docking point (annotated actual parameter list is provided, p. 210 col. 2 paragraph 5).

## 12. As to claim 10, Purtilo teaches the steps of:

- a) docking points (annotated actual parameter list is provided, p. 210 col. 2 paragraph 5) corresponding to an inheritance parameter;
- b) modifying the components where at least one docking point was found by entering call information (the annotated actual parameter list is provided so that the programmer can pick and choose, p. 210 col. 1 section 2.1 and col. 2 paragraph 5) at each docking point found.

Puritlo does not explicitly teach inheritance parameter determined by a definition of the further component, and wherein the expansion of the program component system is completed without any need for programmer-defined expansion interfaces in the several components.

However, Purtilo teaches the annotated parameter list having components describing the number, order, and type of argument (page. 10 section 2.1).

Srivastava teaches inheritances (Java provides inheritances, abstract), and the expansion of the program component system is completed without any need for programmer-defined expansion interfaces in the several components (add new components with new interfaces at runtime, abstract and col.3 lines 55 – col. 4 lines 19, col. 5 lines 15 – 67, and col. 7 lines 30 – col. 8 lines 50).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the

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Srivastava's creating new components and interfaces at runtime would provide the

invention was made to combine the teaching of Purtilo and Srivastava's because

ability to handle more interfaces or components to the calling or called components

without pre-defined interfaces, and so the system can handle more flexible data

requests.

13. As to claim 11, Purtilo teaches all interaction interfaces (actual interface pattern,

p. 210 col. 2 paragraph 5).

14. **As to claim 12,** Purtio teaches the steps of data fields are predefined as

potential docking points (parameter list are predefined as can be annotated, p. 210 col.

2 paragraph 5).

15. As to claim 13, Purtilo teaches entering said call information into the docking

point (the annotated actual parameter is used for entering information, p. 210 col. 2

paragraph 5).

16. As to claims 14 and 15, Srivatava teaches the step of generating at lease one

binary object (generate Java byte-code objects, col. 1 lines 55 - 65 and col. 2 lines 37 -

45) from the definition of the further component.

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17. Claims 2 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Purtilo "Improving Module resue by interface adaptation" p. 208 – 217 in view of Srivastava, US patent no. 6,473,768, and further in view of Craze US patent no. 5,809,564.

- 18. Craze was cited in the last office action.
- 19. **As to claim 2,** Purtilo and Srivastava do not teach the steps of the data transmitted during the data acquisition are transferred from a memory image portion of the second component into a transfer data region of the first component.

Craze teaches the data transmitted during the data acquisition are transferred from a memory image portion (the return address identifies the location in the application heap where the CPU should continue processing when the called function returns to the calling function, col. 4 lines 1-20) of the second component into a transfer data region of the first component.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Purtilo, Srivastava, and Craze's because Craze's transferring data between heap in the stack without moving data out of the region would speeds up the process and quickly provide the data as requested.

20. **As to claim 7,** Craze teaches a waiting list (stack, col. 4 lines 1 – 15).

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21. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Purtilo "Improving Module resue by interface adaptation" p. 208 – 217 in view of Srivastava, US patent no. 6,473,768, and further in view of Nilsen, US patent no. 6,438,573.

22. **As to claim 16,** Purtilo and Srivastava do not explicitly teach the step of while generating each binary object, the memory allocation is considered in the one component of the program component system.

Nilsen teaches the step of generating each binary object, the memory allocation (allocatableBytes(), col. 21 lines 10 – col. 12 lines 18) is considered in the one component of the program component system.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Purtilo, Srivastava, and Nilsen's system because Nilsen's allocating memory would be necessary to provide memory as needed to run the new interfaces.

#### Response to Arguments

23. Applicant's arguments, filed on 08/18/04, have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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#### Conclusion

24. The prior art made of record but not relied upon request is considered to be pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Schofield, US patent no. 6,321,273, demonstrating a method for converting interfaces into platform independent format.

25. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phuong N. Hoang whose telephone number is (571)272-3763. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 9:00 am to 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (571)272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ph October 8, 2004 SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINED TECHNOLOGY CENTER CO.